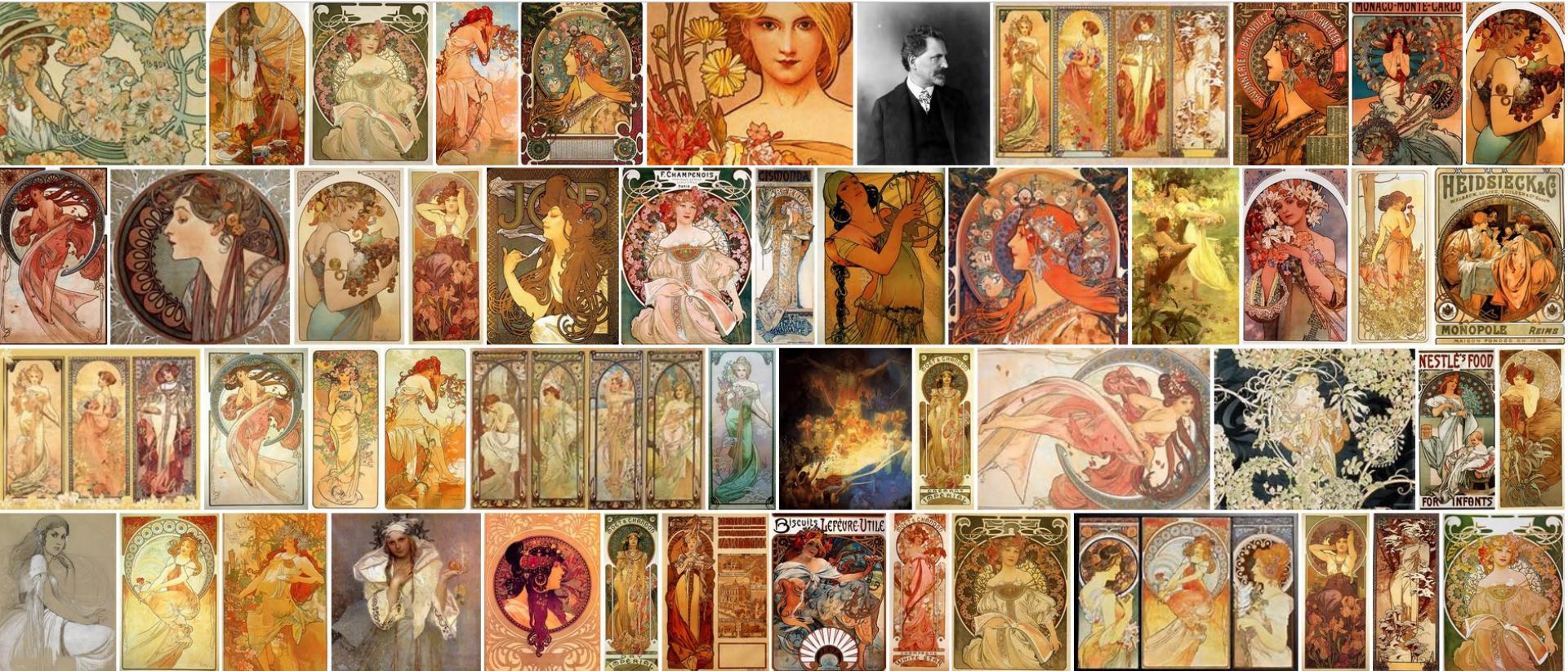


Clarence Barlow
<barlow@music.ucsb.edu>

On my new audiovisual work
November 2015

Internet image search “Alfons Mucha”



Alphonse Mucha (early 1890s) at ca. 30



Mucha: The seasons (1896)



Mucha: The seasons (1990)

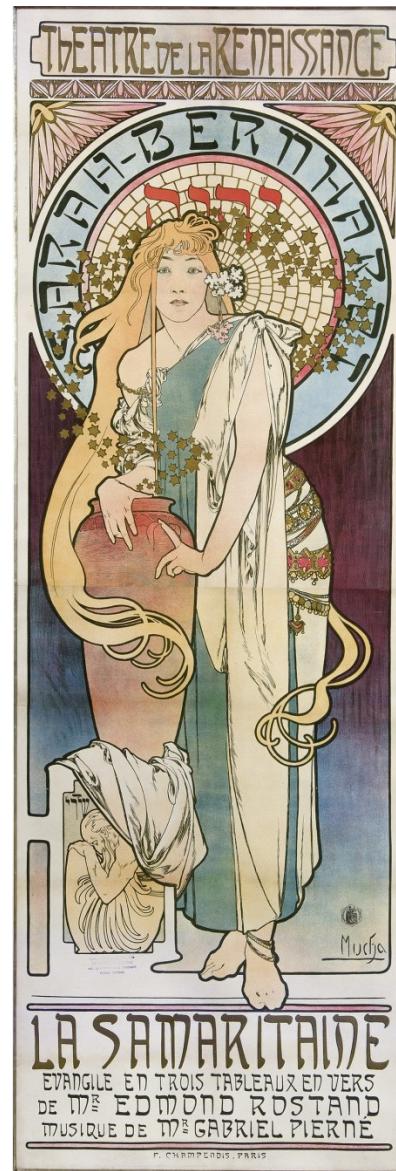


John Mucha (grandson, center) visiting
Raj and Grace Dhawan in Beverly Hills



Mucha:

Gismonda (1894), *La Samaritaine* (1897)



Leoš Janáček (1881), at 27



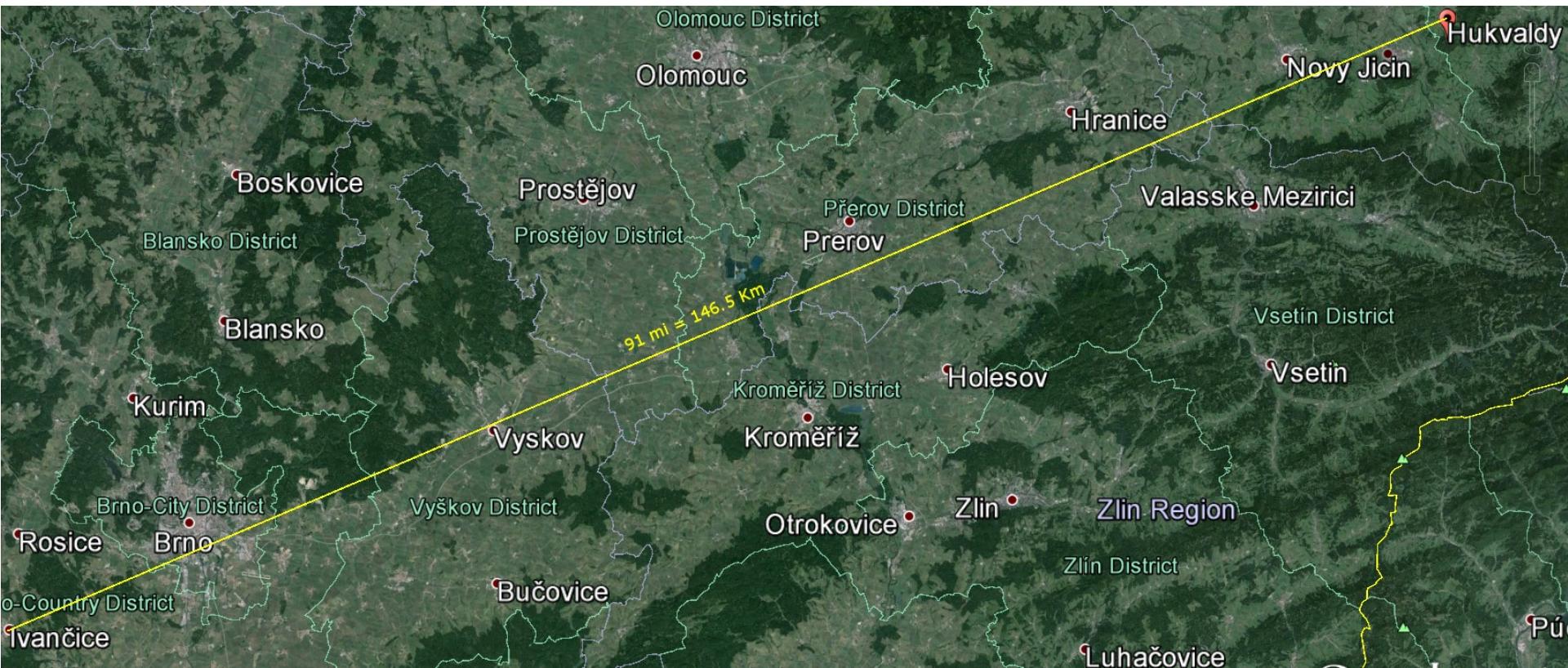
Austrian Empire, mid 19th Century



Moravia, mid-19th Century



Birthplaces of Mucha and Janáček in present-day Moravia



St. Thomas' Abbey, Brno



St. Thomas' Abbey, Brno



St. Thomas' Abbey, Brno



37 Mucha works ⇔ 37 Janáček works

37 paintings against 37 pieces

year	page	Mucha	\area=duration	year	Janacek
1894	[01]	Gismonda with remarque by Mucha	49.61"	1897	On an Overgrown Path 1
1895	[04]	Sarah Bernhardt, American Tour	49.61"	1897	On an Overgrown Path 2
1895	[05]	Revue pour les Jeunes Filles	31.02"	1897	On an Overgrown Path 4
1896	[08]	Zodiaque	22.23"	1897	On an Overgrown Path 7
1896	[09]	Lorenzaccio, Variant 2	24.24"	1897	On an Overgrown Path 10
1896	[06]	JOB	21.89"	1905	Piano Sonata "from the street" I
1896	[45]	L'Energie Francaise	10.62"	1905	Piano Sonata "from the street" II
1897	[28]	Salon des Cent XXme Exposition	9.19"	1908	On an Overgrown Path 3
1897	[29]	Salome, Estampe Moderne	11.15"	1908	On an Overgrown Path 5
1897	[47]	La Plume, May 1897 Issue 194	8.53"	1908	On an Overgrown Path 6
1897	[12]	La Samaritaine	39.61"	1908	On an Overgrown Path 8
1897	[17]	La Fleur 1897	21.33"	1908	On an Overgrown Path 9
1897	[33]	Vin des Incas, Variant 1	8.71"	1914	Violin Sonata I
1897	[16]	Tetes Byzantines-Brunette	19.60"	1914	Violin Sonata II
1897	[15]	Tetes Byzantines-Blonde	19.60"	1914	Violin Sonata III
1897	[10]	Sarah Bernhardt, La Plume	22.45"	1914	Violin Sonata IV
1897	[13]	Monaco, Monte-Carlo	35.15"	1923	Str.Q.#1 (Kreutzer) I
1897	[27]	Bieres de la Meuse	9.29"	1923	Str.Q.#1 (Kreutzer) II
1898	[14]	Reverie. Variant 4	24.85"	1923	Str.Q.#1 (Kreutzer) III
1898	[18]	La Tosca	24.80"	1923	Str.Q.#1 (Kreutzer) IV
1898	[49]	Cocorico, December 31, 1898 (1st Issue)	10.34"	1924	Youth I
1899	[43]	La Pater	11.40"	1924	Youth II
1899	[20]	Flirt Biscuits Lefevre-Utile	17.22"	1924	Youth III
1899	[50]	Cocorico	10.34"	1924	Youth IV
1899	[70]	Cover for L'illustration Christmas 1896	14.83"	1925	The Makropoulos Affair
1900	[21]	Le Rubis (Ruby)	15.49"	1926	Sinfonietta I
1900	[32]	Praha-Parisi cover for 1900 World Fair	14.14"	1926	Sinfonietta II
1900	[19]	Paris 1900, Austria at the World Fair	32.25"	1926	Sinfonietta III
1902	[23]	Cycles Perfecta	50.13"	1926	Sinfonietta IV
1902	[31]	Nectar	8.77"	1926	Sinfonietta V
1903	[24]	Lefevre-Utile, Sarah Bernhardt 5	24.42"	1927	Glagolitic Mass 1
1903	[48]	Paris Illustré, 1903, Christmas Issue	13.92"	1927	Glagolitic Mass 7
1907	[56]	Slavia Mutual Insurance Bank Policy	13.04"	1927	Glagolitic Mass 8
1908	[34]	Cover for Literary Digest	10.39"	1928	Str.Q.#2 (Intimate Letters) I
1922	[55]	Hearst's International, January 1922	13.10"	1928	Str.Q.#2 (Intimate Letters) II
1925	[25]	Pageant on the Vltava River	37.97"	1928	Str.Q.#2 (Intimate Letters) III
1928	[44]	The Slav Epic	41.57"	1928	Str.Q.#2 (Intimate Letters) IV

Barlow's Harmonicity Formulæ

Indigestibility

$$\xi(N) = 2 \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n_r (p_r - 1)^2}{p_r} \right)$$

whereby:

$$1. N = \prod_{r=1}^{\infty} p_r^{n_r}$$

2. $N, n_r, p_r \in$ natural numbers

3. $p_r \in$ prime numbers

Indigestibility ξ of the natural numbers 1-16

N	$\xi(N)$
1	0.000000
2	1.000000
3	2.666667
4	2.000000
5	6.400000
6	3.666667
7	10.285714
8	3.000000
9	5.333333
10	7.400000
11	18.181818
12	4.666667
13	22.153846
14	11.285714
15	9.066667
16	4.000000

Complete Intraoctavic Intervals upwards of Harmonicity 0.05

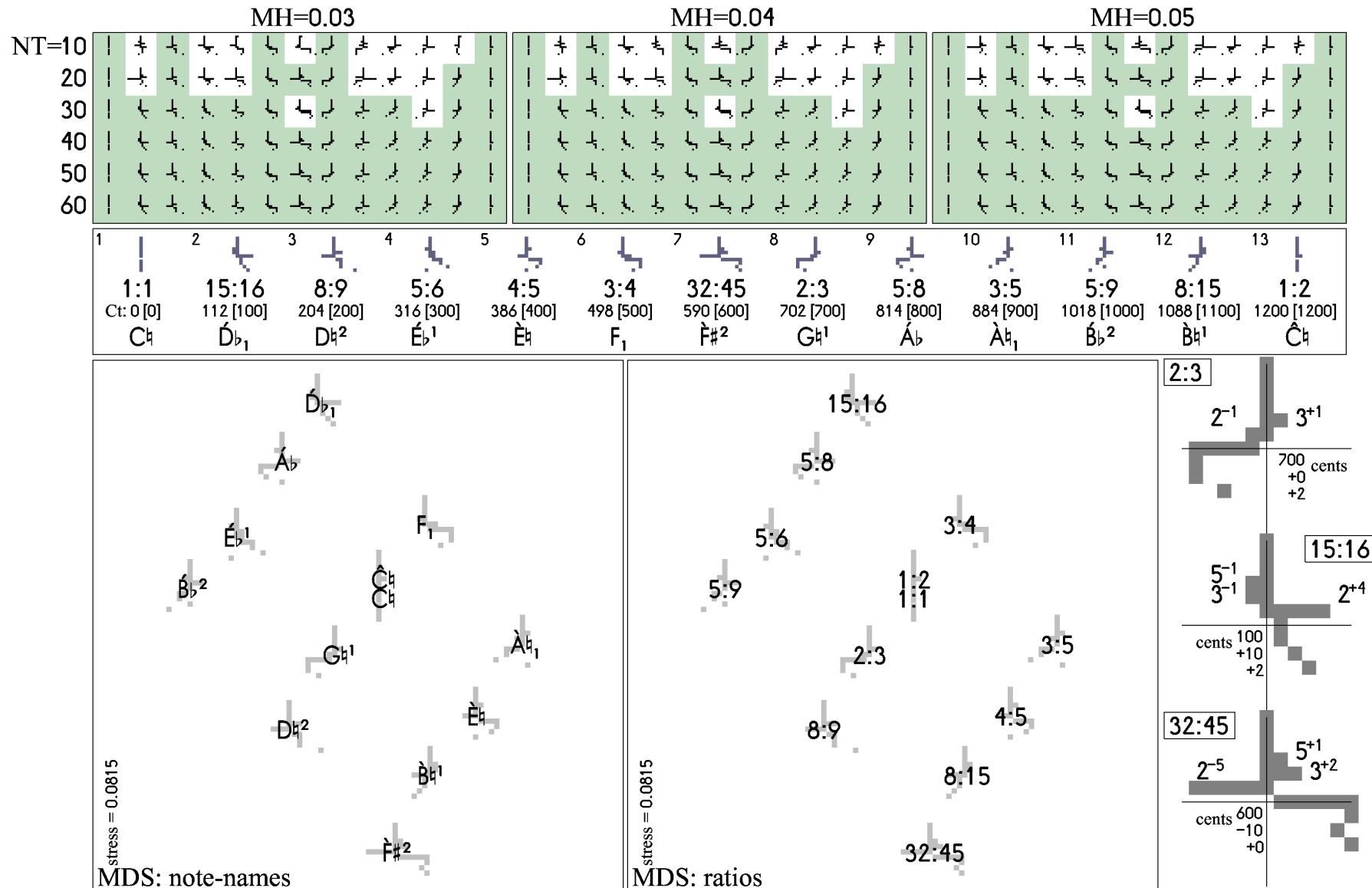
Interval size (cts)	2	3	5	7	11	13	Number ratio	Harmonicity
0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1:1	$+\infty$
70.672	-3	-1	+2	0	0	0	24:25	+0.054152
111.731	+4	-1	-1	0	0	0	15:16	-0.076531
182.404	+1	-2	+1	0	0	0	9:10	+0.078534
203.910	-3	+2	0	0	0	0	8:9	+0.120000
231.174	+3	0	0	-1	0	0	7:8	-0.075269
266.871	-1	-1	0	+1	0	0	6:7	+0.071672
294.135	+5	-3	0	0	0	0	27:32	-0.076923
315.641	+1	+1	-1	0	0	0	5:6	-0.099338
386.314	-2	0	+1	0	0	0	4:5	+0.119048
407.820	-6	+4	0	0	0	0	64:81	+0.060000
427.373	+5	0	-2	0	0	0	25:32	-0.056180
435.084	0	+2	0	-1	0	0	7:9	-0.064024
470.781	-4	+1	0	+1	0	0	16:21	+0.058989
498.045	+2	-1	0	0	0	0	3:4	-0.214286
519.551	-2	+3	-1	0	0	0	20:27	-0.060976
568.717	-1	-2	+2	0	0	0	18:25	+0.052265
582.512	0	0	-1	+1	0	0	5:7	+0.059932
590.224	-5	+2	+1	0	0	0	32:45	+0.059761
609.776	+6	-2	-1	0	0	0	45:64	-0.056391
617.488	+1	0	+1	-1	0	0	7:10	-0.056543
680.449	+3	-3	+1	0	0	0	27:40	+0.057471
701.955	-1	+1	0	0	0	0	2:3	+0.272727
729.219	+5	-1	0	-1	0	0	21:32	-0.055703
764.916	+1	-2	0	+1	0	0	9:14	+0.060172
772.627	-4	0	+2	0	0	0	16:25	+0.059524
792.180	+7	-4	0	0	0	0	81:128	-0.056604
813.686	+3	0	-1	0	0	0	5:8	-0.106383
884.359	0	-1	+1	0	0	0	3:5	+0.110294
905.865	-4	+3	0	0	0	0	16:27	+0.083333
933.129	+2	+1	0	-1	0	0	7:12	-0.066879
968.826	-2	0	0	+1	0	0	4:7	+0.081395
996.090	+4	-2	0	0	0	0	9:16	-0.107143
1017.596	0	+2	-1	0	0	0	5:9	-0.085227
1088.269	-3	+1	+1	0	0	0	8:15	+0.082873
1129.328	+4	+1	-2	0	0	0	25:48	-0.051370
1137.039	-1	+3	0	-1	0	0	14:27	-0.051852
1200.000	+1	0	0	0	0	0	1:2	+1.000000

Harmonicity

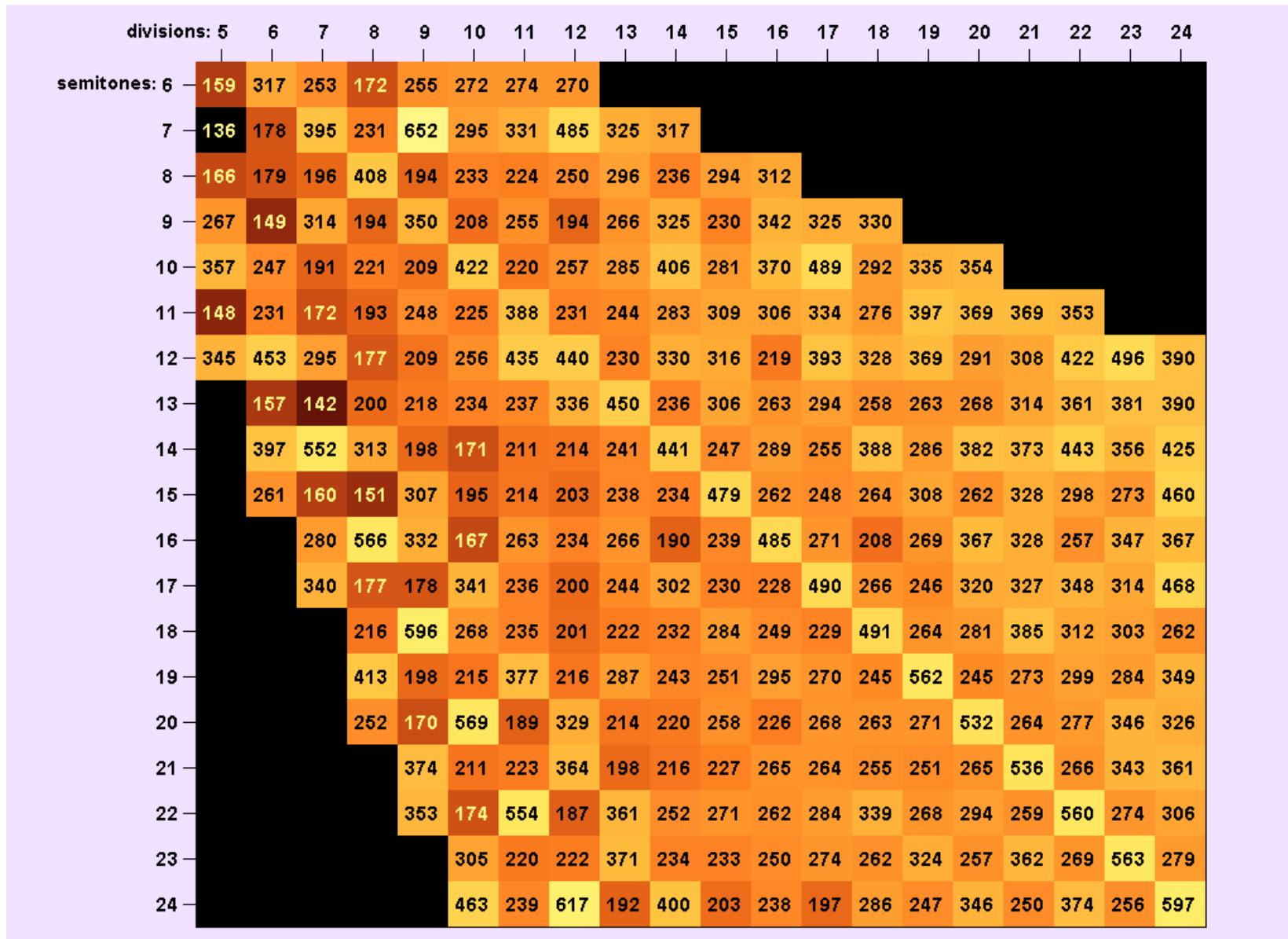
$$H(P, Q) = \frac{\text{sgn}(\xi(Q) - \xi(P))}{\xi(P) + \xi(Q)}$$

whereby $\text{sgn}(x) = -1$ for $x < 0$,
else $\text{sgn}(x) = +1$

Rationalization of the Chromatic Scale

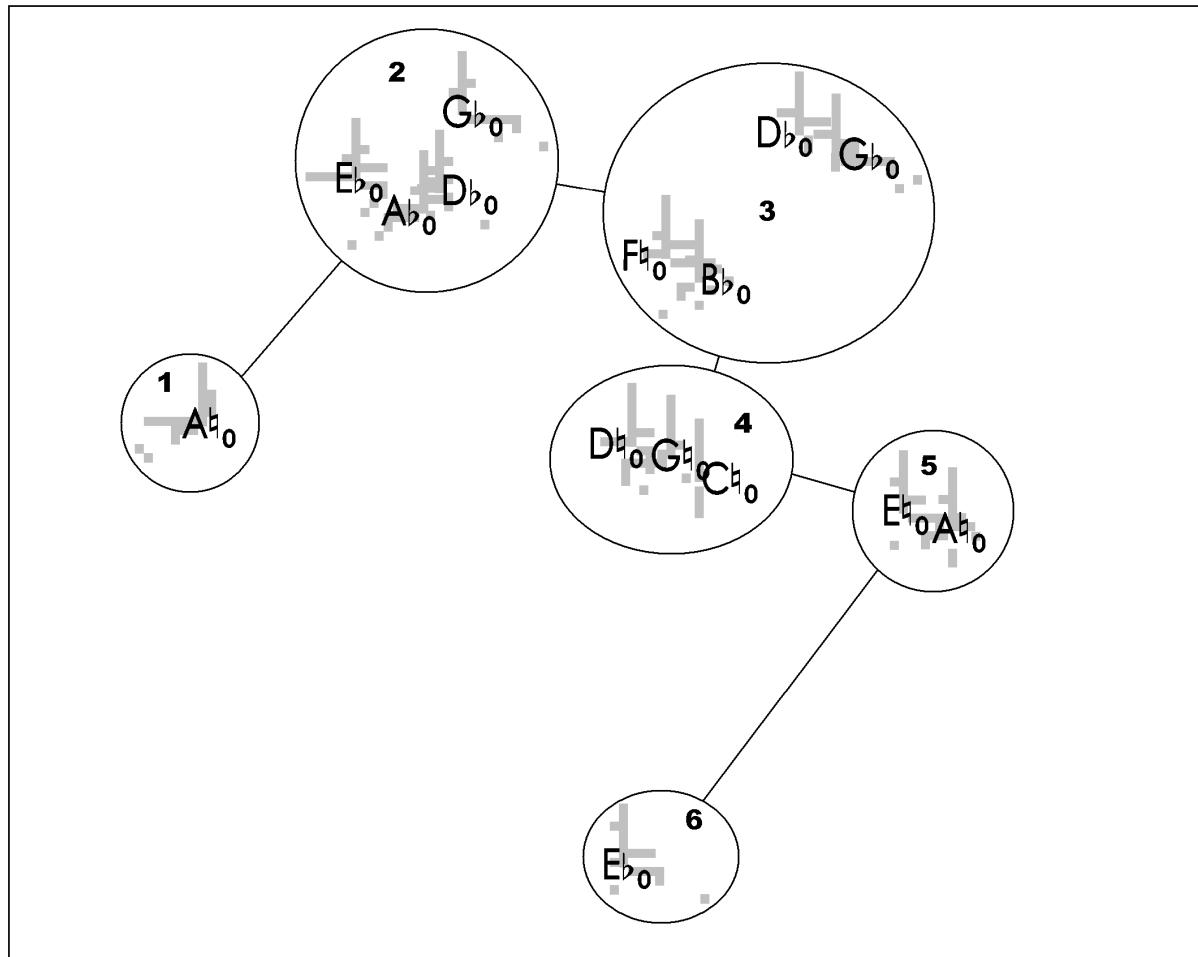


“Cogency” of Temperaments



Rationalization of m7/14 scale

1:1	20:21	25:27	8:9	160:189	22:27	7:9	20:27	5:7	25:36	2:3	40:63	64:105	7:12	5:9
0	84	133	204	288	355	435	520	583	631	702	786	857	933	1018
[0]	[71]	[143]	[214]	[286]	[357]	[429]	[500]	[571]	[643]	[714]	[786]	[857]	[929]	[1000]
0	+13	-10	-10	+2	-2	+6	+20	+12	-12	-12	0	0	+4	+18
C \flat_0	D \flat_0	D \flat_0	D \flat_0	E \flat_0	E \flat_0	E \flat_0	F \flat_0	G \flat_0	G \flat_0	G \flat_0	A \flat_0	A \flat_0	A \flat_0	B \flat_0



Tuning for *vinte e cinco anéis* (2010)

Cada instrumento repetidamente toca três notas.
Excepto para o piano, as notas são microtonalmente
afinadas como segue, mas nem sempre nesta ordem
(¢ significa "cents"):^{*}

The musical score displays four staves, each representing a different instrument: flauta, clarinete em sib, violino, and violoncelo. Each staff consists of five horizontal lines. The notes are represented by small black dots. Above each staff, there are three numerical values indicating microtonal tuning in cents: -29¢, +43¢, and +14¢. The flauta staff has notes at approximately E4, G#4, and B4. The clarinete em sib staff has notes at approximately D4, F#4, and A4. The violino staff has notes at approximately G3, B3, and D4. The violoncelo staff has notes at approximately C2, E2, and G2.

* Each instrument repeatedly plays three notes. Except for the piano, the notes are tuned microtonally as follows, but not always in the same order (¢ means "cents"):

vinte e cinco anéis: start and finish

25 anéis

Partitura em do (Score in C)

Clarêncio Barlão

triste

flauta $\text{--} 120 -29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

p *sempre senza vibrato*

clarinete em sib $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

violinino $+57\text{¢} -14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢}$

p *sempre senza vibrato*

violoncelo $p -14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢} +57\text{¢}$

piano p *sempre senza vibrato*

molto meno triste

flauta $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

clarinete em sib $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

violinino $+57\text{¢} -14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢}$

violoncelo $-14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢} +57\text{¢}$

piano p

simile..

fl. $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

cl. $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

vl. $+57\text{¢} -14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢}$

vc. $-14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢} +57\text{¢}$

pno. $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

simile..

fl. $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

cl. $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

vl. $+57\text{¢} -14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢}$

vc. $-14\text{¢} \quad +29\text{¢} +57\text{¢}$

pno. $-29\text{¢} +43\text{¢} +14\text{¢}$

simile..



26

fl. 5 # 5 # 5

cl. 5 # 5 # 5

vl. 5 # 5 # 5

vc. 5 # 5 # 5

pno. 5 # 5 # 5

27

fl. 5 # 5 # 5

cl. 5 # 5 # 5

vl. 5 # 5 # 5

vc. 5 # 5 # 5

pno. 5 # 5 # 5

9-12 Abril 2010

vinte e cinco anéis: score/graphic display



25 anéis

Partitura em do
triste
flauta -29e +43e +14e
clarinete em si sempre sem vibrato
violino +57e -14e +29e
violoncelo p sempre sem vibrato
piano -14e +29e +57e

Claréncio Barilo
molto meno triste
fl. -29e +43e +14e
cl. sempre sem vibrato
vl. +57e -14e +29e
vc. p sempre sem vibrato
pno. -14e +29e +57e

fl. -29e +43e +14e
cl. -29e +43e +14e simile.
vl. +57e -14e +29e
vc. -14e +29e +57e
pno. -14e +29e +57e

fl. -29e +43e +14e
cl. -29e +43e +14e simile.
vl. +57e -14e +29e
vc. -14e +29e +57e
pno. -14e +29e +57e

n. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. +57e simile.

-
-
-
-
-

fl. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. -

fl. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. -

fl. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. -

fl. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. -

fl. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. -

fl. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. -

fl. -
cl. -
vl. -
vc. -
pno. -

9-12 Abril 2010

Re-use of *vinte e cinco anéis tuning*

<u>cents</u>	<u>notes</u>	<u>frequency</u>	<u>instrument</u>
0	C♯	264.484 Hz	piano
71	C♯-29¢	275.625 Hz	clar.
143	C♯+43¢	287.235 Hz	clar. → sine
214	D♯+14¢	299.334 Hz	clar.
286	E♭-14¢	311.942 Hz	cello
357	E♯-43¢	325.082 Hz	cello → sine
429	E♯+29¢	338.775 Hz	cello
500	F♯	353.044 Hz	piano
571	F♯-29¢	367.915 Hz	flute
643	F♯+43¢	383.412 Hz	flute → sine
714	G♯+14¢	399.562 Hz	flute
786	A♭-14¢	416.393 Hz	viol.
857	A♯-43¢	433.932 Hz	viol. → sine
929	A♯+29¢	452.210 Hz	viol.
1000	B♭	471.258 Hz	piano

Extended *vinte e cinco anéis tuning*

Range

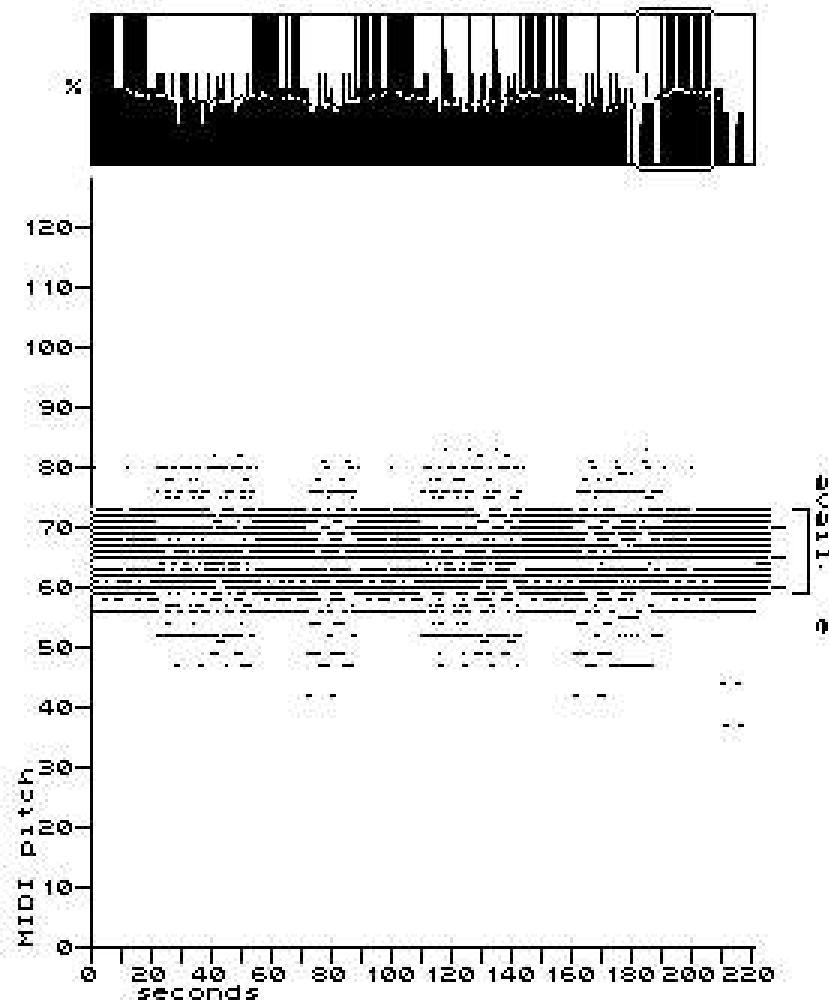
Flute, Clarinet, Violin, 'Cello, Piano

Repertoire

Flute, Clarinet, Violin, 'Cello, Piano

The figure consists of two musical sections. The top section, 'Range', shows a treble and bass staff with note heads numbered 1 through 37. The bottom section, 'Repertoire', shows five staves for Flute, Clarinet, Violin, 'Cello, and Piano. Each staff has a series of note heads with numerical values above them, such as +14 or -29, indicating specific pitch or performance instructions.

050VXPR.mdk: 3178 events read, ending at 221.157"; pitch range: 37-83.
192 orchestrations listed 050VXX!.mdk being written: 173 events written.
952 monochronous event blocks ("chords") found
best window: #2797/chd882 (182.946") ~ #3114/chd923 (207.072") @50%



Selection #5 from Janáček: *Barn Owl*

Musical score for Selection #5 from Janáček's *Barn Owl*. The score consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps.

Staff 1: Measures 99-104. Dynamics: P , P , $*$, P , $s f$, $s f$, P , P , ff rit., P , $*$, P . Articulation: *meno mosso*. A large speaker icon is placed over the measure starting with $s f$.

Staff 2: Measure 107. Dynamics: f , p , P , $*$, P . Articulation: *Tempo I.* Measure 110: *dutě (vuoto)* \sharp . Measure 113: p .

Staff 3: Measures 110-113. Dynamics: P , P .

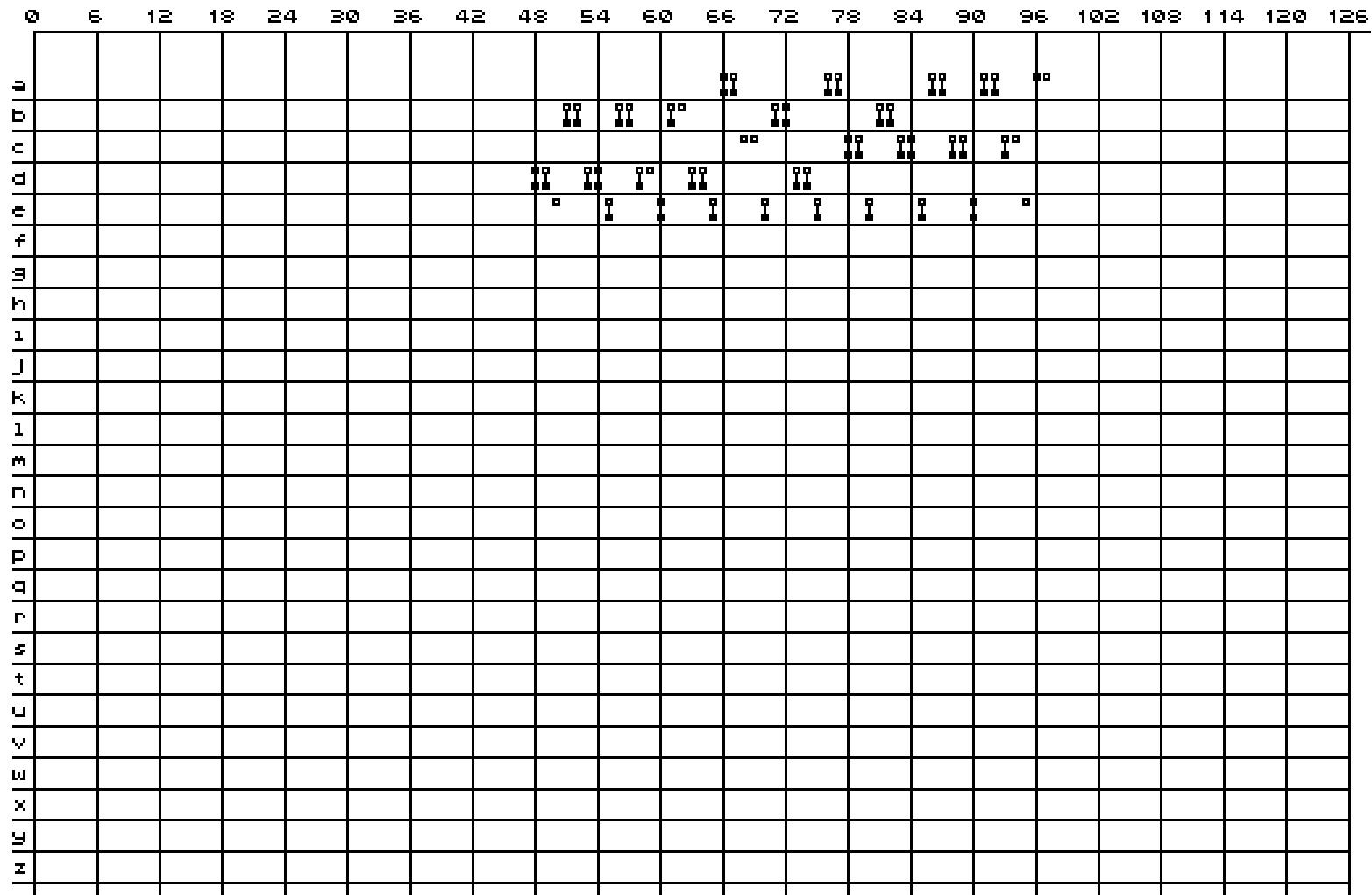
Staff 4: Measures 113-116. Dynamics: p .

Reinstrumentated Selection #5

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 5. The score includes parts for Flute, Clarinet in B♭, Violin, Violoncello, Piano, Clarinet (Cl.), Violin (Vln.), and Cello (Vc.). The key signature is one sharp, and the time signature is 2/4 throughout. The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 55$. The score features dynamic markings such as *rit.*, *vuoto*, *f*, *ff*, *p*, and *p*. Measure 5 starts with a rest followed by a dynamic *ff* for the Clarinet in B♭. Measure 6 begins with a dynamic *f* for the Violin and Violoncello. Measure 7 shows a dynamic *p* for the Violoncello. Measure 8 starts with a dynamic *f* for the Violin and Violoncello. Measure 9 begins with a dynamic *f* for the Violin and Violoncello. Measure 10 shows a dynamic *p* for the Violoncello. Measure 11 ends with a dynamic *f* for the Violin and Violoncello.

Error Check for Section #37

37024.mdk being read; 5 tracks found: abcde



37024.mdk: Pitches 48 (48*) ~ 93 (97*), Length 41.72" (41.6"*) *prescribed

Mucha Selection #31 – first frame



Mucha Selection #31 – middle frame



Mucha Selection #31 – final frame



St. Thomas' Abbey, Brno: title frame

C. Brlo

from

Alfons Mucha (1860-1939)
Leoš Janáček (1854-1928)

certur